

TABLET UNVEILED,
AS DEDICATED TO
'COMMON SOLDIER'

President Taft Was One of the Speakers at Notable Exercises Held Before Joint Assembly in the State House at Montpelier To-day.

HE ADDRESSED 1500 PEOPLE FROM CAPITOL PORTICO

After Concluding the Latter Speech the President Left for St. Johnsbury on His Automobile Tour of Northern New England.

State House, Oct. 9, 1912.

Business sessions of the Vermont legislature were suspended this forenoon during the exercises incident to the unveiling of a memorial tablet to the "Common Soldiers of '61-'65," as typified by ex-Gov. John Abner Mead. The occasion was made the more notable by the presence of President Taft, who stopped in Montpelier during his tour of northern New England.

It was a busy day for the president, following an extremely strenuous day yesterday, which ended shortly before midnight last night at the public reception held in the Montpelier city hall. The president made three addresses during this forenoon, speaking first to the school children assembled in the city hall, then coming to the State House and delivering an address before the joint assembly during the unveiling of the memorial tablet and, finally, going outside and speaking on the portico of the State House.

The House chamber, where the unveiling of the tablet took place, was crowded with people, largely legislators, state officials and a few invited persons. There were gathered on the grounds about 1,500 people when the president emerged to say a few words. He occupied about eight minutes in this address and then prepared to resume his automobile tour to St. Johnsbury, where he was to be a guest at luncheon of Frank H. Brooks, president of the Fairbanks company of that town. Before leaving he reviewed some of the citizen-soldiers from Norwich university, which had acted as part of the guard of honor during his stay in Montpelier.

The exercises in the House were presided over by Senator Porter H. Dale, and the program was carried out as follows:

Brief address..... President Taft
Presentation of the tablet to the state for the committee..... H. B. Ames
Acceptance in behalf of the state..... Ex-Gov. John A. Mead
Explanation of the tablet by the designer..... Miss Strohe
Acceptance by the common soldiers of Vermont of '61-'65 by a fellow comrade..... Hon. Felix W. McGuffick of Boston

President Taft's Address.

In the course of his address, President Taft said:

"It is peculiarly appropriate that this memorial to the private soldier should be erected in Vermont.

"Vermont had brave and competent generals and officers, but that which has given Vermont her pre-eminence in the war was not the services of these officers, conspicuous and valuable as they were—that which has given Vermont her honorable place in the history of the war of the rebellion is the character of her private soldier, as shown in the regiments and brigades that she sent from this far-off Green Mountain country to battle for the union in the Southland. The history of her regiments refutes utterly the proposition that the individual characteristics of the private soldier, his intelligence, his discrimination, his sense of responsibility play but little part in making him a good soldier after he has acquired the machine-like sense of obedience to orders. The Vermont regiments were distinguished as bodies that could be relied upon to do the work marked out for them, to hold for the federal side in any engagement the important strategic points on the field of battle. References to the old Vermonters as the 'staid' and 'reliable' were constant in the language of the responsible general officers of the union throughout the war.

"In a statistical article giving a list of the infantry regiments whose loss in killed was 200 or more, embracing every regiment in the northern army, there were 45 regiments, and it included the Second, Third, Fifth and Sixth Vermont. The roster of the 296 fighting regiments embraced the whole brigade known as the 'old Vermont brigade.' The total number of deaths in this brigade during the war included killed in action, deaths from wounds and from diseases and in rebel prisons, 2,417, being about 25 percent of the total membership of the brigade and original enlistments and recruits. It was engaged in 30 different battles, the names of which were embroidered on the colors of its regiments. No unnecessary sacrifice of life was chargeable to reckless handling, for it was most fortunate in its officers.

"The old Vermont brigade played so

prominent a part in the history of the army of the Potomac that its war would be the history of that army. It was organized in October, 1861, upon the soil of Virginia, and after nearly four years of constant, active service, it was disbanded in June, 1865, at almost precisely the same spot near the surrender at Appomattox. Its formation out of Vermont regiments was due to a suggestion of a distinguished engineer in the regular army, Colonel William F. Smith, afterwards General 'Baldy' Smith, who was its first brigade commander. Its original components were the Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth and Sixth Vermont, and added to it afterwards was the Eleventh Vermont. It continued through the war as a nearly solid body. The Second Vermont regiment was in the first battle of Bull Run and witnessed Lee's surrender at Appomattox.

"The testimony of all the commanders of all the armies in which this brigade fought is of one kind, to wit, that while they were not the most conspicuous on the parade ground for nicety of drill, they were the part of the character always selected to take the place where fiercest onslaught was expected, and where endurance and courage and a sense of responsibility were needed to hold a point against the infuriated attack of a determined enemy. What they showed in war was what has distinguished the people of Vermont as a part of the people of the United States, and as a haven of the common soldier, in which they manifested a common sense, sturdy assertion of right, courageous exhibition of self-restraint on the one hand and endurance to bear and withstand attack upon the other.

"Their history manifests in the highest degree the proof of the principle that I have attempted to maintain in what I have said about the private soldier in these remarks, that the character of an army and its success are largely due to the intelligence and discrimination, the courage, the ability to take and use discipline intelligently, of the common soldier and the enlisted men. It is well, therefore, that in the state of Vermont the first memorial to the private soldier should be erected, because it is the Vermont private soldier throughout the war who has demonstrated the effect upon the army at large of the personal intelligence, character, worth and courage of the men who filled the ranks."

Tablet Presented.
Harvey B. Ames of Island Pond made the presentation speech, and said that the unveiling of the tablet was a fitting occasion because of the presence of the president of the United States, the foremost citizen of this republic, if not of the world, and because we here present a memorial tablet to the common soldier, by whom our state has taken front rank in patriotism and achievement.

"It is peculiarly fitting that this tablet typify a soldier in the business of the state, as well as in war, a master builder and an honorable private in an infantry regiment in the Civil War—our own ex-governor, whose early struggles so closely resemble those of Andrew Jackson and Abraham Lincoln.

"I wish every school boy could learn and become absorbed in the career of men like this, who without star to guide or home to welcome, has arisen from the poverty of the bitterest and direst poverty by his own stupendous courage to the highest office within the gift of the commonwealth. The direction which Ulysses gave to his ship may well apply:

"Sail on and in regular order cut each billow.

Beyond the paths of all the western stars until I die."

"And so may it be said of the common soldier of Vermont. With an exalted courage and bravery unsurpassed, he has always met the foe.

"But this memorial tablet is not for any common soldier of Vermont, but for all, whether their bodies are exposed to southern battlefields or they lie in the quiet silence of death upon our hillsides, or yet remain a noble remnant of a once splendid militant army.

"Gentlemen of the government in authority, as a member of the committee and of the general assembly of 1911, it is my honor to present this memorial tablet to the common soldier of Vermont."

Medal Accepted for Common Soldiers.

In accepting the tablet in behalf of the common soldiers of Vermont, Hon. Felix W. McGuffick of Boston, formerly of St. Albans, spoke in part as follows:

"Thirty-five thousand common soldier boys volunteered from the ranks of the common people in this grand old state; faced the fire of cannon and musket and endured the hardships, sufferings, privations and horrors of the camp, the march, the battlefield and the hospital; none is recorded in our history that the soldier of Vermont ever flinched in the face of danger or failed to creditably execute the orders of the superior officers.

"The bravery and efficiency of the Vermont soldier was preeminent in the terrible conflict in which the preservation of the union was the priceless stake. They fought, bled, suffered, and more than five thousand of them died that Vermont might remain a proud and prosperous state in an indissoluble union of states, constituting a nation of freedom; that Vermont, assured of permanent membership of a great family of commonwealths, might maintain her position in the march of American progress under the laws and institutions, the products of popular intelligence and patriotism administered and maintained for the commonweal of the people.

"It is eminently fitting that the memorial surrounding this beautiful memorial should be of a representative Vermont soldier who fought in the ranks and whose life and achievements so truly typify the ideal Vermont boy whose inherent patriotism appealed with louder call than the comforts of home."

(Continued on fourth page.)

WARN GREECE
AGAINST WAR

European Powers Made Representations Today

IN A FRIENDLY CONFERENCE

Ministers of Austria and Russia Declared That It Would Be Highly Imprudent for Balkan States to Take Action Against Turkey.

Athens, Greece, Oct. 9.—Representations on behalf of the powers of Europe were made to-day to the Greek government by the ministers of Austria and Russia, the conference being of a friendly nature. The ministers declared it to be highly imprudent for the Balkan states to take any action against Turkey.

Paris, Oct. 9.—Representations by the powers to the Ottoman government probably will be made by the ambassadors at Constantinople with the feeble hope that the fire lighted by Montenegro may be extinguished.

The press generally foresees speedy war in the Balkan peninsula, but are cheered by the promises of the powers not to permit any disturbance of the peace of Europe as a whole.

The French government has learned that before the Russian and Austrian ministers made representations to the Montenegrin government at Cetinje, the Serbian and Grecian ministers had intimated at the foreign office the declaration that the war would be at least adjourned. The efforts, however, were in vain.

BULGARIA AND SERBIA
BREAK WITH TURKEY

Confirmation of Trouble Has Been Received in Paris, According to Information Received in London.

London, Oct. 9.—Confirmation of the rupture of diplomatic relations with Turkey by Bulgaria and Serbia have been received in Paris, according to a news agency dispatch from that city.

"DOWN WITH THE TURKS"
Shouted 1,200 Greeks Who Sailed from Providence To-day.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 9.—Shouting "Down with the Turks," 1,200 Greeks sailed on the steamer Madonna to-day to fight for their country if war is declared. The Greeks came from New England and New York.

"ANCIENTS" IN BURLINGTON.
Arrived There Yesterday Afternoon and Are Royally Welcomed.

Burlington, Oct. 9.—After a delightful run up through the mountains the Ancient and Honorable Artillery company arrived here from Springfield yesterday afternoon.

At the station to receive the Bostonians were the mayor and a committee of citizens, also the 10th United States cavalry and the local military company. Then the visitors under escort, marched to their hotels.

At the park the 10th cavalry and the visitors were received by the mayor and the city government and an immense crowd. Capt. Appleton and his officers were later waited upon by prominent officials of the state and the officers of the regular army and militia.

Last evening the Ancients were entertained by the citizens, and then the members formed in line and, headed by the band, marched to the Fort Ethan Allen club, where a program had been prepared for their entertainment.

Early in the evening Capt. Appleton and Lieut. Milton I. Page were guests of the officers of the 10th cavalry at the fort.

\$2,000,000 EDDY TRUST
DECLARED VOID

Massachusetts Supreme Court Handed Down an Important Decision This Morning.

Boston, Oct. 9.—The trust estimated at \$2,000,000, created by Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, founder of the Christian Science church, for the benefit of the denomination, has been declared void by the Massachusetts supreme court.

The court holds, however, that the charitable trust may be increased and that trustees may be appointed to administer it.

GOV. FLETCHER APPOINTS
Warner Graham of Bellows Falls Named as Secretary.

Gov. A. M. Fletcher this morning appointed as his secretary of civil and military affairs Warner Graham of Bellows Falls. Mr. Graham is of the firm of Ryder & Graham, the former being representative from Rockingham. Mr. Graham was born in Greensboro and is 28 years of age. He was admitted to the bar in 1907, having graduated from Albany Law school, Albany, N. Y., the same year. He is a son of William and Inez Graham, who reside in Greensboro.

The governor has appointed as executive clerk William R. McFeters of Enosburg; as captain of his staff, Preston H. Hadley of Springfield, from the Vermont National Guard, and chief of his staff, Col. W. W. Brown of Springfield.

First Bills in Legislature.

The first bills were introduced into the general assembly this morning when Senator Babbitt introduced the old bill, an act relating to debts exempt from trustee process, and it was referred to the judiciary committee.

Senator Chaffee introduced Senate bill No. 2, authorizing the state board of education to prove a steam-heating plant for the normal school at Castleton.

TAFT ADDRESSED
1,700 SCHOOL CHILDREN

President Was Given Marked Demonstration of Approval as He Faced Youngsters at Montpelier.

One feature of President Taft's stay in Montpelier to-day was the opportunity to face 1,700 school children, representing the public schools and parochial school of Montpelier and Montpelier seminary, and say a few words of encouragement to them. The children were assembled in the city hall and they gave the president a tremendous and spontaneous reception when he walked upon the platform and was introduced by Mayor Eaton. Each pupil carried a small flag which he waved vigorously while at the same time one and all gave free vent to the vocal chords in a grand acclaim.

President Taft beamed upon young America thus assembled and spoke for about fifteen minutes to them, declaring that it was somewhat novel for him to talk to school children because his own children had grown beyond the school child age and he was, therefore, out of touch with school children, to a certain extent. Nevertheless, he took the opportunity to exhort them to keep on living up to the great heritage which their forefathers had given them.

WINOOSKI CHILD
DROWNED IN CISTERN

Body of Roland Brosseau, Aged 3, Was Found in About Three Feet of Water Yesterday Afternoon.

Winooski, Oct. 9.—Roland, the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Simeon Brosseau of upper Main street, met his death in a sad manner yesterday afternoon. The boy had been sleeping the early part of the afternoon and upon awakening went out into the yard to play, as his mother supposed. About half an hour later his mother called him and not receiving any response went out to the yard but could not see him. She went to the neighbors and not finding him became alarmed at his disappearance.

Search was immediately made but it was not until a cistern near the house, which had been overlooked in the search, was investigated that the boy's body was found half submerged in three feet of water. It is believed that the child in playing about the cistern lost his balance and fell in, it being impossible for him to climb out. The parents are grief-stricken over their loss. They have three other children, a daughter and two sons.

R. I. REPUBLICANS
AGAINST JUDGES' RECALL

State Convention at Providence To-day Chose Five Presidential Electors for the Coming Election.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 9.—The Republican state convention here to-day chose five presidential electors. In its platform, the convention challenged the judgment of the people on the character of the official acts of President Taft and assailed the doctrine of judicial recall.

SCENES OF SPLENDOR
At Mount Holyoke College on Its 75th Anniversary.

South Hadley, Mass., Oct. 9.—The campus and the chapel of Mt. Holyoke college were scenes of splendor to-day. Noted men and women brought greetings from universities and colleges in many lands. Honorary degrees were conferred and the feast of Deum was sung. The second day of the celebration of the seventy-fifth anniversary was fair and clear. Addresses were given by Presidents Hadley of Yale, Thomas of Bryn Mawr, Burton of Smith, Pendleton of Wellesley, Taylor of Vassar and Lowell of Harvard.

GUILTY OF STEALING LIQUOR.

Jury Rendered Verdict After Testimony in Washington County Court.

The last case before Washington county court yesterday afternoon was that of state against Richard Symes for burglary, and the jury reported a verdict of guilty. The charge against Symes was for the alleged theft of liquor from the Molinari cellar in Montpelier. State's Attorney Carver and Grand Juror Gleason argued for the state and Attorney Senter and Lord for the defense. Six bottles of beer were found on the person of the respondent. Court was adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon, when the cases of state against McMahon and Fortin, on the same charge, were taken up.

FIELD REPORTS MADE
Before American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

Portland, Me., Oct. 9.—Reports from the field were presented to-day at the meeting of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions by the missionaries to several foreign countries. A service was held in memory of two missionaries who were massacred at Pao-tung.

TALK OF THE TOWN

Miss Mary Bosworth of Merchant street left last night for an extended stay in Boston and Worcester, Mass.

Miss Myrtle Williams returned yesterday to her home in Burlington, after passing a few days with friends in Barre and Montpelier.

Robert E. Murphy of 38 Summer street left last night for Boston, where he will witness the world's championship competition between the Red Sox and the Giants.

The condition of Miss Ella E. Averill of North street, who underwent an operation for appendicitis at the City hospital last Saturday, continues to show steady improvement.

Weather Forecast.

Local rains to-night or Thursday; warmer; moderate variable winds.

FENWAY PARK
IS THE MECCA

For the Thousands Interested in Baseball Series

400 FANS WATCH ALL NIGHT

They Hung to the Entrance in Order to Get First Chance at the Sale of Bleacher Seats—Both Teams Express Confidence.

Boston, Oct. 9.—The world's series baseball series shifted to-day from New York to Fenway park, where the second game between the Giants and the Red Sox was staged, Boston going into the game with an advantage over New York in the victory of yesterday afternoon. The weather conditions were good, although there was a crisp tang in the air and clouds flecked the sky.

Four hundred enthusiastic fans from various parts of New England remained outside the grounds all night to secure bleacher seats for the game. The players were more leisurely, not trying to reach the grounds until after noon. They entered the game in better mental condition than they did that of yesterday.

Both teams expressed confidence, and the players were reported to be in good condition, as yesterday's contest developed no injuries. Neither manager publicly announced his batteries before the opening of hostilities on the grounds.

Over 30,000 people went to the park, and Gov. Foss and Mayor Fitzgerald led the cheering.

The batteries were announced as follows: For Boston, Collins and Carrigan; for New York, Mathewson and Meyers. The Boston line-up was, otherwise, the same as yesterday, while that of New York was changed by the substitution of Becker for Devore in the outfield.

DEATH OF PETER BOMBARD.

Well-Known Painter of Barre Died This Morning.

The death of Peter Bombard of 337 North Main street, thirty-three years a painter and for twenty years a well-known resident of Barre, occurred at the City hospital this morning at 8:55 o'clock, after a ten days' illness of tubercular disease of the intestines. Mr. Bombard was stricken September 28, and it became necessary to remove him to the hospital one week ago. His condition grew rapidly worse until death came.

Mr. Bombard leaves his wife and five children as follows: Mrs. Georgiana Johnson of Cambridge, Mass., Miss Sophia Bombard of Barre, Charles Bombard of Barre, Rhynello Bombard of Barre, and Miss Lillian Bombard, all of this city.

Two sisters, Mrs. Ellen Ashley of Ansonia, N. Y., and Mrs. David Poland of Port Douglas, N. Y., survive, and three brothers are left as follows: Louis Bombard of Ansonia, N. Y.; Moses Bombard of Port Douglas, N. Y.; and Frank Bombard of Barre.

Peter Bombard was born in Chesterfield, N. Y., August 31, 1878, the son of Charles Bombard and Matilda Coney, who came from Windsor county, Vermont.

After becoming of age, Mr. Bombard learned the painter's trade and followed that occupation for the remainder of his life. He came to Barre in 1892 and had made his home here since that time. His marriage to Miss Sophia Chard took place in Keeseville, N. Y., twenty-six years ago. The deceased was a member of the Fraternal Order of Eagles and belonged to the master painters' association. He had long been a member of St. Monica's church.

Arrangements for the funeral and burial have not been completed.

VERMONT GOOD TEMPLARS
MEETING IN BARRE

State Convention Opened in the Vestry of the Congregational Church This Morning and Will Conclude To-morrow.

The annual convention of the grand lodge of Vermont, international order of Good Templars, opened in the vestry of the Congregational church this morning at 10 o'clock. Some fifty delegates, including the members of the order from Barre were present. The forenoon session was devoted almost entirely to organization and a short salutatory service. C. H. Hayden of Riverside, grand chief templar of the Vermont lodge, had charge of the opening and he will preside throughout the sessions. Among the other officers present are E. M. Campbell of Lyndonville, grand secretary, and Mrs. Clarence Desmell of Calais, grand vice chief templar. It is expected that the afternoon and evening trains will bring many delegates and by the opening session of the second day, the convention will be in full swing.

This afternoon the convention met behind closed doors and the time was given over largely to the appointment of committees and the transaction of business pertaining to the closing of the fiscal year. The meetings tomorrow will be marked by the election of officers and addresses by prominent templars from different parts of Vermont.

Excursion to Montreal—\$2.75.

Tuesday, Oct. 15, 1912, Central Vermont railway will run an excursion to Montreal and return. Barre, Montpelier and Williamstown, \$2.75. Tickets good going on trains leaving Williamstown 7:20 a. m., 10:30 a. m.; Barre, 8:00 a. m., 3:40 p. m.; Montpelier, 8:40 a. m., 4:00 p. m.; tickets good returning until October 18, 1912.

EXTENSIVE TELEPHONE CHANGES.

Contemplated in Barre by the Vermont Telephone & Telegraph Company.

Extensive changes in Barre are contemplated by the Vermont Telephone & Telegraph company as the result of the increased demand for one-party and two-party lines, the changes including both overhead and underground facilities. The estimated cost of the work is \$3,600.

A new piece of underground conduit will be constructed on Washington street from Main to Acadia street, a distance of 671 feet; 100 feet of single duct, in addition to two concrete manholes and 532 feet of connections. A new 800-wire cable will be run from the central office to Academy via Main and Washington. 500-wire cable from Depot square to Granite street and a 240-wire cable from Depot square to Acadia street via Main and Acadia street. A 240-wire cable will also be placed from Washington street to Prospect street on Main. This comprises a total of 1,240 feet of 800 wire, 1,245 feet of 300 wire and 1,150 feet of 240 wire cable, besides varying lengths of 30 and 60 wire cable for side connections on all streets where these main cables will run over head.

Aerial cables will be placed on Acadia street, Washington to Eastern avenue, 925 feet of 120-wire cable; Washington street from Richardson to Camp, 1,600 feet of 120-wire cable; Washington street, Academy to Richardson, 1,100 feet of 240-wire cable; South Main street from Trow and Holden to Cherry street, 3,825 feet of 120-wire cable. The amount of wire in these cables will be equivalent to 642 miles of single wire.

There will be required on the cables specified 2,575 feet of 1 1/2 inch lead pipe, 6,000 feet of 2 inch lead pipe, 1,250 feet of 2 1/2 inch lead pipe, 1,250 feet of 3 inch lead pipe.

The installing of these cables requires a large amount of rearrangement, pole connections and changes in overhead construction to handle better the growing business of the company. There will also be required an additional section of main frame to provide for 800 wires for the central office of the company in the Howland block.

This work is the first of a large amount since the central office was changed in April, 1910, and careful engineering studies have been made in order to provide ample facilities for the next three to five years.

BURIAL WAS AT BERLIN

And Funeral of Mrs. Charlotte A. Bosworth Was Held in Barre.

Funeral services for Mrs. Charlotte A. Bosworth, whose death occurred at her home, 67 Merchant street, Saturday evening after a prolonged illness, were held at the house yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Rev. J. W. Barnett, pastor of the Congregational church, officiating. The bearers were as follows: Jesse Rogers, J. F. Selina, Henry Calkins and Gardner Bosworth. Miss Gledhill sang two selections during the service. "Some Day We'll Understand" and "Face to Face." A profusion of floral tributes surrounded the casket. The remains were taken to Berlin, where burial took place beside the remains of Mr. Bosworth.

Among the persons present from out of the city were the following: F. B. Bosworth and son, Aubrey W. Bosworth, of Roxbury, Mass., Mr. and Mrs. Henry Calkins of Ansonia, N. Y., and Jesse Rogers of Burlington.

The following is the list of flowers: Asters from the neighbors; wreath, Homer Fitts Co.; carnations and roses, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Buzzell; roses, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. LeBaron; roses, Miss Nettie Lawless; carnation, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Eager; asters, Mrs. Richard Venable; asters, Mrs. M. M. Stetson; asters, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Miles; roses, Mr. and Mrs. Jackson and Mrs. Breno; asters, Mrs. W. H. Gale; bouquet, Mrs. Mariani; sweet peas, Mrs. H. A. Holt; roses, Mrs. Lucy Chamberlain; pillow, family.

APPEAL AGAINST ORDER.

Rutland Railroad Protests Before the Vermont Supreme Court.

The most important case argued before the Vermont supreme court on the morning of the second week of the October term yesterday was the Bennington county case of John G. Sargent, attorney-general, vs. the Rutland Railroad company, an appeal from the order of the public service commission. The order was filed in April and a petition for suspension of the order pending further hearing was denied at the May term this year. E. W. Lawrence represents the railroad and Mr. Sargent, the attorney-general's office.

At the afternoon session arguments were heard for a reargument of the case of H. H. Powers against the Rutland railroad. H. H. Powers appeared for himself, assisted by T. W. Maloney and R. E. Brown, Alexander Dunnett and E. W. Lawrence appeared for the railroad.

Powers sued the road for balance of wages and after the arguments were heard it developed that Judge Rowell owned stock in the New York Central railroad, which owns the Rutland road. Motion for reargument was made at the last term and argued to-day.

The plaintiff argued the disqualification was plain and that no judge could be allowed to sit in such a case under agreement of parties as his decision will effect orders than the parties to the suit under consideration.

The defendants argue that disqualification, to be raised at this time.

CORRECTIONS IN GAS CO.'S BIDS.

Two of Three Bids, as Printed in Yesterday's Paper, Were Far Too Large.

In the account of the street lighting bids, submitted to the city council at Monday night's meeting, there were some errors in yesterday's paper concerning the bids of the People's Gas company. Supt. Wharton of the company states that the bid for the 60 c. p. light was given correctly as \$29 per light per year, but that the bid for 80 c. p. asphalt lamp should have been \$36, instead of \$88, as stated by the report, while the 150 c. p. lamp should have been \$42.50, instead of the \$136, as stated.

This correction is made in order that the public may be able to judge accurately of the merits of the competitive bids.

STORES WILL BE CLOSED.

According to the agreement between the Retail Merchants' association and the Retail Clerks' association, all stores will be closed from 6 o'clock p. m. on Friday, October 11, until Monday morning, October 14.

GREAT CROWD
HALTED TAFT

Barre People's Patience Rewarded With a Brief Stop

IN FRONT OF THE CITY HALL

Presidential Party Was Late in Arriving But the Ovation Given the Nation's Executive Was Marked—Taft Spoke a Few Words and Passed On.

President Taft reached Barre at 6:45 o'clock last evening, en route to Montpelier on his six-day automobile ride over the hills of Massachusetts, Vermont and New Hampshire, spoke briefly before an audience of 4,000 people that hastily congregated from somewhere, once the time of his arrival was definitely known, and then resumed the trip to Montpelier, reaching the capital city a little before 7:30 o'clock.

The executive was given a signal ovation as he rode down South Main street in a big Pierce-Arrow touring car, preceded by a car containing Barre men, who met him, and followed by the remaining members of the party, secret service men, etc. It is doubtful if any public official, or any individual, for that matter, has been accorded such a vociferous demonstration in Barre for several years.

The president's approach was heralded by the arrival of an automobile bearing several members of the Barre Board of Trade and other business men, which plowed its way through the crowd to a point opposite the city building. The Citizens' band had taken a position opposite Church street, and the stirring notes of the national anthem rang out as the presidential car came to a halt shortly after the pilot car reached the square. Ex-Senator John W. Gordon made a short speech of introduction from the forward car and called upon the crowd to give the executive three cheers. The response was very hearty. As the band pealed forth "The Star Spangled Banner," the president rose from his seat beside Mrs. Taft and doffed his hat while the music continued.

After the cheering had subsided, the president mounted to a seat in the car and began speaking. As was expected, he steered clear of political issues and confined his remarks to the beauty of his trip and his pleasure at being once more in the land of his fathers. Once during his short speech of less than ten minutes, the executive referred to his former visit in Barre, the occasion being during the campaign of 1904. The president said he was pleased to stop within the gates of Barre and the presence of the big crowd seemed to emphasize this pleasure, for the speaker wore the joyful smile that is said to be characteristic of the nation's chief executive. He spoke in a clear voice and his words could be heard at a considerable distance. The crowd remained orderly from the moment of the party's approach to its departure, and the speaker was given marked attention. The entire police force from headquarters was on the scene to preserve order and the men in the blue coats did much toward clearing a path for the touring party. The presidential automobile came to a halt nearly in front of the city hall and almost directly under the Taft and Sherman banner that rides the breeze on a line suspended from the city building to the flag pole across the street.

It was 4 o'clock when the crowd first began to gather for the president's proposed stop. Hundreds of school children, released from their studies at the customary hour hied to the square and were ready for a glimpse of the nation's head. As the stonewalls closed down at the same hour, the west side of the triangle soon was lined with a large crowd. Around 5 o'clock came the news that the party had been delayed in leaving White River Junction and it was believed that the arrival in Barre would be deferred at least a half hour. It was afterwards learned that the party would reach this city at 6:30 o'clock, and a large portion of the crowd dispersed for the time being.

The local committee in